

### **Oil Whirl and Whip**



Alfa-Tranzit Co., Ltd



# **Rotor Dynamics Simulator**



Oil whirl is a common problem with journal bearings used on machines equipped with pressure lubrication systems operating at relatively high speeds.

If the shaft is moved off center due to load, eccentricity, or imbalance, then the clearance on one side of the bearing will be greater than that on the other side.

As the lubricant rotates at less than 50% of shaft speed, it must squeeze through the narrow area where the shaft is closest to the bearing. The average speed of the lubricant increases inside the gap and slows down when it leaves the gap. Such a speeding up and slowing down process creates turbulence on both sides of the gap, and a vortex develops in the high-pressure lubricant zone.

The shaft that rides on the oil vortex performs much like a surfboard that rides the surface of a wave. The so-called oil whirl, whose frequency is somewhat less than half of the shaft rotational speed, causes instability. The oil whirl stays proportional to the shaft frequency and drops out when shaft RPM drops below the instability threshold.

The oil whirl frequency approaches the first critical speed of the shaft as the shaft exceeds more than two times its first critical speed, creating a resonant condition called oil whip. The oil whip frequency remains constant at the first critical speed of the shaft and drops out when shaft frequency drops below two times its first critical speed. Both the phenomena can be severe and result in a penetration of the lubrication film. When this happens, the shaft impacts against the bearing and serious damage may happen.

> REFERENCE Interesting Rotor Dynamics Observations on Oil Whirl and Whip SpectraQuest Inc. 8205 Hermitage Road Richmond, VA 23228 (804)261-3300 www.spectraquest.com April, 2006



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**Front view** 

Side view



# **Rotor Dynamics Model**







# **Velocity and Orbit Data (shaft without disk)**

probe







Orbit proportional time interval = 2800...3000 sec





# **Experimental and Modeled Waterfall Plots**





